# The Pyongyang Times

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The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung poses with the Secretary General of the Peru-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture and his wife after receiving them

## TELEGRAMS

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the Administration Council of the DPRK, received a message from Comrade **Mao Tse-tung**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Comrade **Tung Pi-wu**, Acting Chairman of the People's Republic of China, and Comrade **Chou En-lai**, Premier of the State Council of the PRC, in reply to their message of sympathy sent to the latter in connection with the damages caused by an earthquake in some areas of China.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the State of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the Administration Council of the DPRK, received a message from Comrade **Gustav Husak**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, and Comrade **Lubomir Strougal**, Premier of the Government of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic and Acting President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, in reply to their message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 29th anniversary of the liberation of Czechoslovakia.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, received a message from **Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri**, President of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the victory of the May Revolution in the Sudan.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK and President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Y. Tsedenbal** upon the latter's election to the post of President of the Presidium of the Grand People's Hural of the Mongolian People's Republic.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK, sent a message of greetings to **Julius K. Nyerere** upon his reelection as President of the Tanganyika African National Union.

✦ **The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea** sent a message of greetings to **the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Portugal** on the release of all the political prisoners of the Communist Party with the progress of the democratization of social and political life after the overthrow of the Caetano fascist dictatorial government in Portugal on April 25, especially on the return home of General Secretary of the Party Comrade Alvaro Cunhal and the resumption of legal activities of the Communist Party.

## DPRK ADMITTED TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION OF LEGAL METROLOGY

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea was admitted to the International Organization of Legal Metrology on May 9, according to a report.

**The admission of our country to the IOLM as its full member is another shining victory of the DPRK's independent and principled, fair and aboveboard foreign policy put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and is a demonstration of the high authority and prestige of the DPRK daily prospering and developing under his wise guidance.**

(KCNA)

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings to the 11th Assembly of the Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity upon its opening. The message reads:

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## The 11th OAU Assembly of the Heads of State and Government

**Mogadiscio**

I extend, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and in my own, most ardent congratulations and warm greetings to the 11th OAU Assembly of the Heads of State and Government and all the delegates attending it.

The current OAU Assembly of the Heads of State and Government is of great significance in strengthening the solidarity and cooperation of the African peoples in the struggle for complete liberation and unity of Africa under the banner of anti-imperialism and anti-colonialism.

Today the African peoples have courageously risen up in a sacred struggle to wipe out colonialism once and for all, firmly taking their destiny in their hands and are dynamically advancing along the path of independence and self-support in order to consolidate their already-won national independence and develop national economy.

Africa, together with Asia and Latin America, has become a mighty force of the third world, and the last lifeline of imperialism and colonialism is being cut off in this region.

Africa, which was called a colonial continent in the past, has now turned into a new continent shining with the light of freedom and liberation. This is a precious gain won by the African peoples in their protracted arduous struggle.

The Korean people who are marching vigorously together with the African people in the fighting ranks of the third world peoples regard as their own the struggle of the peoples of all the African countries against all forms of aggression and interference, subordination and inequality and racial discrimination, and always firmly support and encourage it both mentally and materially.

Convinced that your assembly will make an epochal contribution to further strengthening and developing the struggle of the peoples in this region to completely liquidate the remnants of colonialism in Africa, build an independent, prosperous, sovereign and new Africa and defend world peace, I sincerely wish the assembly great successes in its work.

KIM IL SUNG
**President**
**Democratic People's Republic of Korea**

Pyongyang, June 10, 1974

# The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives Foreign Guests

## Friendship Inspection Delegation of the Chinese People's Liberation Army

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on June 14 the friendship inspection delegation of the Chinese People's Liberation Army on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were all the members of the delegation with Comrade Li Ta, Deputy Chief of the CPLA General Staff, as its head and Comrade Sun Hung-chen as its deputy head.

On hand were Comrade Colonel General Li Yong Mu, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Director of the General Political Bureau of the Korean People's Army, and Lieutenant General Pak Jung Guk, Alternate Member of the CC, WPK and Deputy Chief of the General Staff of the KPA.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially received the members of the delegation, shaking hands with them one by one and had a talk with the guests in a friendly atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of militant amity.

The leader arranged a luncheon for them.

## Secretary General of Peru-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture and His Wife

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and his wife received on June 11 Genaro Carnero Checa, Secretary General of the Peru-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture, and his wife on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion was Kim Gwan Sop, Chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially received the guests and had a talk with them in a friendly atmosphere.

The Secretary General of the Peru-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture said that it was a great honour and happiness for him to meet the leader again. He noted that though they were far away, their minds were always with the leader.

**It is important for each country to carry on revolution and construction in conformity with its specific conditions on the basis of the Juche idea founded by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the guests stressed, and said: Therefore, we will widely propagate the Juche idea for the third world.**

The example of Korea which successfully carried out the democratic revolution and socialist revolution in a very short period of time and is creditably building socialism is very precious for the Latin-American countries and other countries of the third world, the guests emphasized.

**Independence is a demand of the times and ours is an era of independence, the leader said. He expressed full support to the independent policies, such as agrarian reform, nationalization of industries and claim of the right to 200-mile territorial waters, pursued by Juan Velasco Alvarado, President of the Republic of Peru.**

**Laying stress on the importance of the solidarity among the peoples of the third world countries, the leader said: If united, the peoples of the third world countries can tightly wring the windpipe of the imperialists and free themselves for good and all from oppression and exploitation and the peoples of the oppressed and humiliated countries will hold sway over the world.**

**Though the imperialists are resorting to all sorts of machinations to obstruct the solidarity among the third world peoples, they cannot prevent it, the leader noted. He said: Our country prizes friendship, solidarity and cooperation with the peoples of Peru and other Latin-American countries, the peoples of the third world countries.**

The Secretary General of the Peru-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture reverently presented to the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il Sung the book "Korea: Rice and Steel" written by himself on Korea.

The leader arranged a luncheon for the guests on the same day.

## Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Republic of Costa Rica to Republic of Argentina and His Wife

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on June 9 Alvaro Monge Umana, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Costa Rica to the Republic of Argentina, and his wife on a visit to our country.

Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Kim Jae Bong was present on the occasion.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the ambassador and his wife and had a talk with them in a cordial and friendly atmopshere.

On the occasion the ambassador spoke of the great honour and happiness of meeting and making his compliments to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and courteously conveyed the greetings of President Daniel Oduber of the Republic of Costa Rica to the leader.

Expressing thanks to President Daniel Oduber for having sent the ambassador and his wife, the leader asked the ambassador to convey his warm greetings to the President.

The ambassador said that in the course of inspecting industrial establishments of Korea he learned that thanks to the wise guidance of the leader and the close unity of the leader and the people as one in Korea, such a powerful socialist industrial state as today could be built from scratch on the land where everything had been destroyed in the war. The policy put forward by the leader is the most correct one from the strategic and tactical point of view, stressed the ambassador.

**He said: There are many countries in the world. But, no country is under the guidance of such great leader as His Excellency President Kim Il Sung. Our third world has the honour of having such great leader as President Kim Il Sung.**

**The ambassador said that the Juche idea founded by His Excellency President Kim Il Sung illumines the road to be followed by the third world.**

**Noting that the time has come when the countries of our third world should appear on the scene as the masters of the world and have a say, the leader said: What is important now is for the peoples of the third world countries to firmly unite, transcending faith, religion and political idea. If they unite, they will win.**

**Expressing full support to the Latin-American people who are struggling in unity for the right to 200-mile territorial waters, the leader said that it is a trend of the times to demand independence today and if the countries demanding independence fight shoulder to shoulder with each other, the world will be the world of the people who were oppressed and exploited.**

The leader spoke about our Party's line of independence, self-support and self-defence and the successes and experiences in the struggle for the implementation of this line.

**Saying that it was his greatest joy and happiness to have the audience of the leader and hear precious words from him, the ambassador wished good health and a long life to His Excellency President to continue to wisely lead the great Korean people and lead the peoples of the third world.**

The ambassador and his wife presented to the leader a precious gift which they had prepared with sincerity.

# Foreign Papers Carry Works of the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Many foreign papers carried immortal classical works of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

According to a report, the April 24 issue of the US paper **Guardian** carried the summary of "The Peoples of the Third World Who Advance under the Uplifted Banner of Independence Will Certainly Win Their Revolutionary Cause", an immortal classical work of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The May 31 issue of the Senegalese paper **Soleil** carried "On the Juche Idea",

(Continued on Page 2)

# Chinese People Express Firm Solidarity with the South Korean People in Their Struggle

Worker-peasant-soldier students of Peking University and Tsinghua University met in Peking in the evening of June 13 to voice firm solidarity with the south Korean students and people in their just struggle against the Pak Jung Hi clique's fascist terror rule and for democratic rights. They voiced firm support for the joint statement issued on June 3 by 14 public organizations of our country, and indignantly condemned the fascist barbarities perpetrated by the Pak Jung Hi clique in frenziedly suppressing the student movement.

Chang Kuei-fu, Chairman of the Student Council of Peking University, said at the meeting:

The south Korean patriotic students' struggle against fascist rule and for democratic rights reflects the accumulated hatred and indignation of the south Korean people at the Pak Jung Hi clique's long fascist rule. It expresses the strong demand of the south Korean students and people for democracy and an independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland. In line with the Chinese people's great leader Chairman Mao's teaching "The just struggles of the people of all countries support each other", we Chinese students will forever stand on the side of the Korean people and regard their struggle and victory as our own.

Addressing the meeting, Kim Ok Ja and Chou Chen-teh, students of Tsinghua University, and Wang Feng-tung, a student of Peking University, vehemently denounced with surging indignation the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits' sanguinary repression of south Korean students and expressed militant solidarity with the south Korean students gallantly fighting defying brute force.

**Amidst warm applause, the meeting adopted an "Open Letter of Peking University and Tsinghua University to the Students of South Korea."**

The letter pointed out:

The Pak Jung Hi clique is stepping up its collusion with US imperialism and intensifying its fascist dictatorial rule at home to maintain its reactionary rule. You uphold justice and oppose dictatorial rule, persist in unity and oppose a split. Breaking through the enemy blockade, you turned out into the streets and hurled stones and bricks at the reactionary police and won great victories in your heroic struggle.

Your just struggle has won sympathy and support not only from the people of all walks of life in the south and the people in the north of Korea but also from the Chinese people and the people of the world as a whole.

We worker-peasant-soldier students of Peking University and Tsinghua University who have been tempered in the great proletarian cultural revolution and are now in the movement to criticize Lin Piao and Confucius will, like the rest of the Chinese people, resolutely unite with you, fight together and be victorious together.

The present world situation is excellent, the open letter said, and continued: Countries want independence, nations want liberation and the people want revolution—this has become a great irresistible trend of history.

No matter how the Pak Jung Hi clique dispatched its reactionary police to arrest students and put them in prison, it could not arrest the daily rising tide of the patriotic students' movement and the people's revolution. On the contrary, the Pak Jung Hi clique in so doing could only reveal more and more clearly the true colours of its fascist dictatorial rule and its reactionary nature. It could only hasten the downfall of its tottering reactionary rule.

The experience of your heroic struggle shows that so long as you unite with the masses of the people and fight persevering-ly you will certainly achieve the goals of your just struggle, that is, opposing the Pak Jung Hi clique's fascist rule, winning freedom and democracy, and realizing the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland as put forward by the Korean people's great leader President Kim Il Sung.

Meanwhile, the Chinese newspaper **Renmin Ribao** of June 14 carried a commentator's article headlined "The Patriotic and Just Struggle of the South Korean People Is Bound to Triumph".

(KCNA)

# Let Us Take All Measures for the Withdrawal of the US Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea!

**International Democratic Organizations Appeal**

In connection with the forthcoming "month of anti-US joint struggle for the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea", international democratic organizations adopted resolutions and issued statements or appeals.

On May 29 the Standing Committee of the World Council of Peace adopted a resolution on Korea.

Pointing to the fact that Korea's reunification has not yet been achieved even today when two years have passed since the publication of the North-South Joint Statement, the resolution stressed that this is entirely attributable to the manoeuvres of the US and Japanese reactionaries and the south Korean puppet clique to perpetuate the division of Korea and provoke a new war.

The resolution said:

Considering that the three principles and five-point proposition of national reunification and other lines of independent, peaceful reunification put forward by the DPRK are most fair and realistic, the WCP fully supports them.

The US imperialists and the Japanese militarists must give up their interference in the internal affairs of Korea and their "two Koreas" plot and stop egging the south Korean authorities on to national division and new war provocation.

The United States should accept at once the just proposal of the DPRK for concluding a peace agreement and immediately withdraw its aggressor troops from south Korea.

The south Korean authorities must stop at once the savage suppression of the student youth and people demanding the democratization of south Korean society and the reunification of the country, immediately release all the arrested and imprisoned patriots and abolish the "emergency measures" and fascist evil laws.

Considering that the struggle of the south Korean student youth and people of all strata against fascism and for democracy is just struggle for the country and the nation, the WCP expresses firm solidarity with it.

In conclusion, the resolution called upon the peace-loving people and the affiliated organizations of the whole world to launch a solidarity campaign of unprecedented scale during the month of solidarity with the Korean people from June 25 to July 27 this year.

The Secretariat of the World Federation of Trade Unions issued an appeal on June 4.

The appeal called upon the working people and trade union organizations of the world to mark the period from June 25 to July 27 as the month of solidarity with the Korean workers and people, and pointed out:

On the occasion of the month of solidarity, the WFTU calls upon the working people and trade unions the world over to demand of the US authorities the immediate withdrawal from south Korea of their troops occupying south Korea under the signboard of the "UN forces", support the proposals of the DPRK for independent, peaceful reunification including the new proposal for concluding a peace agreement between the DPRK and the USA and take all necessary steps for further strengthening the movement of international solidarity with the Korean workers and people who are fighting for the country's peaceful reunification.

Some time ago the Bureau of the World Federation of Democratic Youth issued a statement and an appeal.

The statement sternly condemned the US imperialists and the Japanese militarists for their "two Koreas" plot and demanded that the United States accept the just proposal of the DPRK for concluding a peace agreement between the DPRK and the USA, withdraw its troops from south Korea and discontinue its interference in Korea's internal affairs.

It lashed at the Pak Jung Hi clique for their barbarous suppression of the south Korean student youth and strongly demanded the release of all the arrested and detained student youth.

The appeal of the Bureau of the WFDY called upon the progressive youth and peoples of the world to actively support the DPRK's three principles and five-point proposition for national reunification and the struggle of the entire Korean people for the country's independent, peaceful reunification and the righteous struggle of the south Korean student youth for freedom, the democratization of society and national reunification.

Recently the Secretariat of the International Union of Students issued an appeal.

The appeal exposed and denounced the Pak Jung Hi clique who, encouraged by US imperialism, are insisting on the permanent division of Korea in violation of the North-South Joint Statement and suppressing and murdering the south Korean student youth fighting for the democratization of south Korean society and national reunification, and said:

The IUS supports the just struggle of the south Korean students and democratic forces and strongly demands that the south Korean authorities give up the policy of dependence upon outside forces and observe the provisions of the North-South Joint Statement and that the US immediately accept the DPRK's peaceful initiative and withdraw its troops from south Korea.

The appeal called upon the affiliated organizations and the progressive youth and students the world over to express firm solidarity with the just struggle of the Korean people and student youth for the country's independent, peaceful reunification and take all necessary measures for the withdrawal of the US troops from south Korea.

(KCNA)

# "Comrade KIM IL SUNG Is a Brilliant Thinker and Theoretician"

**Goumoan Hippolyte**

On the 62nd birthday of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Goumoan Hippolyte, head of the "Study Group of the Juche Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of African trade unionists and students in Europe published an article entitled "Comrade Kim Il Sung Is a Brilliant Thinker and Theoretician".

The article reads:

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Today the Korean people and all the progressive people of the world are celebrating with joy and pride the 62nd birthday of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the hero of the 20th century, great Marxist-Leninist thinker and theoretician of our times and brilliant strategist.

Comrade Kim Il Sung is an outstanding thinker and brilliant theoretician who founded great revolutionary ideas and theories and has confidently led the Korean revolution to victory and glory.

With a profound admiration for the historical feats of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on his 62nd birthday, I am writing here about some aspects of his glorious revolutionary history and ideological and theoretical activities.

## Comrade KIM IL SUNG Is Great Thinker and Marxist-Leninist Theoretician

Comrade Kim Il Sung has made really a great contribution to the revolutionary cause of the working class and to the development of Marxism-Leninism from the time when he embarked upon the revolutionary struggle in his early age under the influence of his revolutionary family.

The respected and beloved leader founded the immortal great Juche idea in the early period after he took the road of revolution and has developed the Marxist-Leninist theory to a new, higher stage to suit the demand of our times through a protracted struggle for the revolutionary cause.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, an outstanding thinker and brilliant theoretician, from the time when he embarked upon the revolutionary struggle, considered that a new strategy, new guiding theory and theory for rallying the masses should be completed for the overthrow of the Japanese imperialists and accomplishment of the cause of national liberation. He taught that the working class should have a scientific revolutionary theory in order to win victory in the great revolutionary struggle and advanced a new revolutionary theory by creatively developing Marxism-Leninism in conformity with the demand of the Korean revolution.

From the time when the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung started the revolutionary activities the Korean people had a correct fighting programme in the revolutionary struggle, which was based on a scientific analysis of the situation and suited to the different stages of the armed struggle.

This programme put forward by the respected and beloved leader opened a new era, the era of victory and glory, before the Korean national liberation movement and communist movement.

Comrade Kim Il Sung founded the Juche idea on the basis of the objective demand of the Korean revolution. All his revolutionary activities have ever since been fully consistent with the Juche stand that in making revolution or carrying on the socialist construction of the country, one must not in any case rely on others, but must rely on one's own strength and the creativeness of the popular masses on the firm independent stand as the master of revolution.

Proceeding from this stand, Comrade Kim Il Sung studied many Marxist-Leninist books in close combination with the Korean revolution and disseminated them from the beginning of his revolutionary activities. At the same time, he personally authored a large number of revolutionary works.

In 1928 he published **Saenal** (New Day), the first Marxist-Leninist newspaper in Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung has energetically conducted ideological and theoretical activities, not resting a moment, for the Korean revolution and world revolution, thus continuously accomplishing outstanding ideological and theoretical exploits.

While energetically conducting arduous political and military activities in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, he personally authored the Ten-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland consummating the genuine great programme of the Korean national liberation revolution, "The Tasks of Korean Communists", a work of very great political, ideological and theoretical significance, and many other works advancing brilliant theories and strategy and tactics on the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution.

In the arduous days of bitter trials of the Fatherland Liberation War, just as he had done in the arduous days of the liberation struggle, he advanced outstanding theories lighting the most just and correct road for overcoming the great difficulties lying in the way of the revolution.

In many works he indicated a correct path to socialism after completion of democratic revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung gave clear and scientific answers to all the questions arising for the complete victory of socialism and the building of communism by further intensifying his ideological and theoretical activities to illuminate the path to socialism and communism soon after the establishment of the socialist system in Korea.

His important works include "On Eliminating Dogmatism and Formalism and Establishing Juche in Ideological Work", "On Some Theoretical Problems of the Socialist Economy", "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" and "On the Questions of the Period of Transition from Capitalism to Socialism and the Dictatorship of the Proletariat". Besides there are many works on the economic, ideological and theoretical questions.

In all these works Comrade Kim Il Sung clearly indicates to the peoples of all the countries the road to socialism and communism.

As we all know, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the Korean revolution, shows concern for all aspects of the people's life in each stage and in all fields of the revolution and construction. Therefore, we can say that all his practical activity is a course of creating a great theoretical wealth giving lesson to all the revolutionary peoples the world over.

He has been dedicating all his life to the victory of the revolutionary cause and the cause of socialism and communism in Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung has invariably devoted his all to the development of the world revolutionary movement.

He laid down with lucidity strategic and tactical lines for the development of the revolutionary movement, that is, the strategic direction of main blow in the revolution of our times, the common target of struggle of all revolutionary forces and the line of struggle for beating this target.

He taught that in order to strengthen the world revolutionary forces, in particular, it is necessary to increase the force of socialism and, at the same time, further develop the national liberation movement in colonies.

Comrade Kim Il Sung defined the national liberation movement in colonies as one of the main forces of the world revolution in our times and gave valuable answers to all theoretical and practical problems arising in this struggle such as the target and motive power of the national liberation struggle in colonies, formation of revolutionary forces and forms of struggles and the question of transition to socialism.

He has thus developed anew the Marxist-Leninist theory on the national liberation struggle.

His strategy of world revolution the correctness of which has been fully substantiated in the arduous struggles is a powerful ideological and theoretical weapon in the hands of the people for national independence, democracy and socialism.

## Immortal Great Juche Idea

The respected and beloved, great leader's tremendous ideological and theoretical feats lie, first of all, in the fact that, with a deep grasp of the urgent demands of the revolutionary development of our times, he founded the immortal great Juche idea.

Marshal Kim Il Sung founded the Juche idea and, guided by it, evolved original theories in his many works.

He gave profound and concrete answers to theoretical and practical questions arising in the establishment of Juche such as the revolutionary essence of the Juche idea and its basic requirements and principles and ways for correctly embodying it in all spheres of revolution and construction.

The Juche idea is the idea clarifying the fundamental stand and attitude towards revolution and construction and the most correct programmatic guideline for their successful fulfilment.

The Juche idea most perfectly reflects, above all, the needs of independence and creativeness of the popular masses, the genuine master of revolution and construction.

He also teaches us that independence based on the principle of Juche is complete independence demanding that one should be fully responsible for one's country's revolution and construction and it is independence based on the international solidarity of the working class and proletarian internationalism.

The independence and creativeness in the Juche idea are linked together inseparably and organically.

Independence is unthinkable apart from creativeness and vice versa. Creativeness can thoroughly be embodied only when it is based on independence.

One can solve all problems in a creative way only when one uses one's own brain, not relying on others and maintains the independent stand of solving one's own problems in a responsible manner, relying on one's own efforts.

The Juche idea of Marshal Kim Il Sung is a thought that determines the guiding principle to be maintained by the working class and all communists in all spheres of revolution and construction.

Referring to Juche Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

**"Juche in ideology, independence in politics, self-sustenance in the economy and self-defence in national defence—this is the stand our Party has consistently adhered to."**

Independence based on the Juche idea is the irresistible trend of our times.

It is our conviction that the great revolutionary Juche idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung will grip more firmly the hearts of all the revolutionary peoples of the whole world and shed more brilliant rays on their anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist, anti-racist and anti-Zionist struggle as the time goes by.

The Juche idea is the guideline and programme of struggle for all the oppressed and exploited peoples.

## Comrade KIM IL SUNG Is a Great Practician

Comrade Kim Il Sung is not only an outstanding thinker and theoretician but also a great revolutionary practician.

With his wise and outstanding guidance, he has confidently led the arduous Korean revolution along one road of victory and glory.

The heroic Korean people under the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great strategist and the iron-willed supreme commander, abided by the principles of Juche and carried them through, and thus defeated the Japanese imperialists, accomplished the cause of national liberation, carried out the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution, dealt a serious blow at the US imperialists and their stooges, defended the independence and honour of their country and turned their country into a powerful socialist industrial state.

As we could see in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea during our visit, the Korean people have achieved really great victory in the socialist revolution and socialist construction.

The Korean people have strong self-defence power capable of driving back any aggressors.

Today the Korean People's Army has grown to be powerful armed forces equipped with up-to-date combat means.

Always being faithful to the principle of Juche, the Korean people have brought into efflorescence their very rich national culture with a history of thousands of years.

Striking proof of this is that the Mansudae Art Troupe of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has gained enormous successes by making performance tour of Asia, Europe and Africa with the revolutionary operas "The Sea of Blood" and "The Flower Girl" based on the immortal classic masterpieces.

I once again recollect the summer days of 1973 when the Korean art troupe participating in the Tenth World Festival of Youth and Students in the German Democratic Republic was welcomed so enthusiastically.

The free medical service and the universal compulsory ten-year senior middle school education are in force in Korea.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea took such important measures as reducing the prices of manufactured goods 30 per cent on an average, 50 per cent at maximum, as from March 1 this year.

The DPRK Government also decided to completely abolish all taxation as from April 1 this year. As a result, the Korean people have been completely freed from taxation, a legacy of old society. This is a great event in the history of the Korean people and a historic event of world significance.

The Korean people inspired by the infinite paternal solicitude of Marshal Kim Il Sung are participating as one in the work of huge socialist construction with revolutionary enthusiasm for the complete victory of socialism today.

All these victories and successes attained by the fraternal Korean people are entirely attributable to the wise and energetic leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great theoretician and practician.

In a word, this is a victory of the great Juche idea and a fruition of the independent line laid down by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant leader of the revolution.

## For Korea's Reunification

The Korean nation which had lived in one territory for thousands of years with single culture, single language and the same customs has been suffering from national split for 29 years due to the US imperialists.

Korea's reunification is the greatest task facing the Korean nation.

From the first days of the country's division, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the Korean nation, basing himself on the stand of Juche, put forward a number of most just and reasonable proposals for reunifying the bisected country by the efforts of the Koreans themselves.

After the war ended in Korea, he advanced various reasonable proposals for turning the armistice into durable peace and reunifying the country independently and peacefully.

The publication of the North-South Joint Statement based on the three principles of national reunification laid down by Comrade Kim Il Sung provided very favourable conditions for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea. But the south Korean puppet clique instigated by the US and Japanese imperialists are harshly suppressing the south Korean people who aspire to the country's reunification and openly working to fabricate "two Koreas" in wanton violation of the North-South Joint Statement.

To cope with this situation Marshal Kim Il Sung made public five-point programme aimed at preventing national split and achieving the country's reunification and took a series of measures for carrying it into practice.

But these just proposals have not yet been realized for the mere reason that the US imperialists are still hanging on in south Korea and completely lording it over there.

It is beyond doubt that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of south Korea have no capacity at all to solve the question of national reunification.

Precisely for this reason, the Third Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea held in last March proposed in its letter to the United States Congress to conclude a peace agreement between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the United States with a view to creating prerequisites to the acceleration of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

This new important proposal is a measure to create prerequisites for the removal of the source of war and confrontation between the north and the south and reduction of tension in Korea.

If the US authorities want peace in Korea and the peaceful settlement of the Korean question, they should accept this proposal at once and withdraw their troops wearing the mantle of the "UN forces".

We can see who truly wants reunification and who wants division and who wants peace and who wants war in Korea today.

The world's progressive people should demand the withdrawal of the US troops from south Korea and raise ever higher the voice supporting the just struggle of the Korean people.

It is because Korea's reunification is an internal affair only related to the Korean people, which rules out any interference of outside forces.

I firmly believe that the cause of reunification of the Korean people enjoying the support of all the progressive peoples of the world will surely be accomplished.

Invincible are the Korean people under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great brilliant strategist, the sun of the Korean revolution and the great leader of the world revolutionary movement.

* * *

Today Comrade Kim Il Sung enjoys the deep trust and respect not only of the Korean people but of numerous revolutionaries of the whole world for his great revolutionary exploits and great contribution to the victory and development of the world communist movement and for his undying feats for the victory of the Korean revolution.

I am proud to pay on his 62nd birthday my due and profound respect to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great thinker and Marxist-Leninist theoretician who has devoted his all to the struggle for the freedom and happiness of the people and for the Korean revolution and the world revolution ever since he took the road of revolutionary struggle in his early years.

I reverentially wish him good health and a long life for the final victory of the revolution and for social progress and peace.

Long live the immortal great Juche idea!

Long live the revolutionary cause of the Korean people!

# Superb Anti-Imperialist Strategy

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

**"We are convinced that the peoples of all countries, small or poor, in Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world can defeat imperialism and achieve the final victory of the revolution if they, in firm unity, administer hard blows at and bring pressure to bear upon it everywhere giving it no breathing space."** ("The Peoples of the Third World Who Advance under the Uplifted Banner of Independence Will Certainly Win Their Revolutionary Cause", Eng. ed., p. 8.)

The leader's strategic policy that the peoples of all countries, small or poor, should unite firmly and deal hard blows at and exercise pressure on the imperialists everywhere reflects most correctly the objective requirement of the revolution for hastening the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause of the people and constitutes a crushing blow at the US-led imperialist reactionaries.

Above anything else, the strategic policy set out by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is based on his scientific analysis of the correlation between the internal and international revolutionary forces. This policy is the most revolutionary and unique strategic policy for strengthening and developing the anti-imperialist, revolutionary struggle of the people the world over and fully guaranteeing its victory.

In a number of his works, the leader propounded the idea that the decisive guarantee for the victory of the revolution in each country lies in strengthening the internal factor, that is, the internal revolutionary forces and in firmly relying on them and the idea that the revolutionary struggle in each country assumes national character and is part of the world revolution and, accordingly, the revolutionary struggles of the people are closely connected with each other. And he put forward a policy for thoroughly establishing Juche in the revolutionary struggle and strengthening international cohesion and solidarity. Thus he made it possible to further speed up the victory of the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause of the people.

The small or poor countries can also win victory in the anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle if they establish Juche, rally the masses of the people and fight staunchly. Moreover, if all these countries unite and pool their strength, their power will be strengthened incomparably and they can successfully defeat with the collective strength of the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces the imperialist forces which rely on the strength of international capital.

The militant unity of all the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces and their firm solidarity will increase their strength several times, scores of times, and make invincible all positions in the anti-imperialist struggle.

The strategic policy newly set forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is an active and enterprising strategic policy for coping with the counterrevolutionary forces of the US imperialists and their lackeys most effectively.

The US-led imperialists are now more viciously manoeuvring for aggression and war under the cloak of "peace".

Especially in Asia, Africa and Latin America where many countries are following the path of anti-imperialism and independence, the US imperialists are trying hard to place these countries under their control one by one and turn them to the right by openly carrying on armed intervention, perpetrating activities of subversion and sabotages and rigging up reactionary military coups.

Besides, in accordance with the aggressive "Nixon doctrine" the US imperialists are making desperate effort to weaken the anti-imperialist, revolutionary forces, making the people in these regions fight each other and causing national discord.

In order to successfully counter the world strategy of US imperialism, it is essential for the people of all countries, small or poor, to firmly unite and wage a vigorous anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle everywhere. If all peoples exposed to the menace of the imperialists' aggression wage the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle in firm unity, bind them hand and foot so that they may not act arbitrarily and disperse and weaken their strength, the downfall of imperialism will be so much quickened.

The policy newly advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is a positive and wise policy reflecting the trend of the times most correctly.

Ours is an age of great independence, when the exploited and oppressed peoples who had long been groaning under the tyranny of imperialists and colonialists have made their appearance on the arena of history as the master of their destinies. Today all peoples do not want to live under the control of others and more and more countries aspire to independence and wish to conduct activities independently.

To meet this desire and demand we must, first of all, unite our strength against the US-led imperialism, the main obstacle to it.

It is the most urgent task of our times to strengthen the militant cohesion and solidarity of the people of the third world.

The people of the third world is a strong revolutionary force of our times.

As they were more cruelly oppressed, exploited, persecuted and humiliated by the imperialists and the colonialists than anybody else in the past, they have a vital interest in the anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist struggle and they are eager for the independent development of the nations and the prosperity of their countries. The third world countries are not only firmly defending their national sovereignty but also waging a vigorous struggle for wiping out the economic footholds of the imperialist monopolies and taking back their natural resources so as to achieve their economic independence.

The militant cohesion and close ties of the third world countries constitute the invincible power which tremendously strengthens the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of the world, aggravates the overall crisis of imperialism and frustrates its aggression, interference and plunder.

It is by no means fortuitous that the US-led imperialists are now in trouble, faced with unprecedented political crisis at home and abroad and that they are crying for help, confronted with the greatest economic difficulties following the Second World War due to serious currency inflation, acute shortage of raw materials and energy crisis.

It is obvious that when the peoples of the third world, the great revolutionary forces of our times, unite more closely, support and cooperate with each other and fight on jointly, imperialism will be ruined finally, the complete victory of the cause of national liberation be achieved and a new society, independent, rich and powerful, built successfully.

As all facts show, the strategic idea of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung that the peoples of all countries, small or poor, should unite closely and administer heavy blows to and put pressure upon imperialism is an outstanding idea. It enables us to continue the vigorous anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle under the present situation.

In the future, too, the Korean people under the wise leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung will fight on resolutely against the policy of aggression and war pursued by US-led imperialism. At the same time, they will strengthen the militant solidarity with all peoples in three continents and the rest of the world and fully support and encourage their anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle in every way for peace and democracy and national independence and independent development.

**Chin Bang Hun**

**(Continued from Page 1)**

the first part of "On Immediate Political and Economic Policies of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Some International Problems", an immortal classic work of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, according to a report from Dakar.

Printing the works, the papers carried with due respect a portrait of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The Tanzanian daily **Ngurumo** on May 23 printed in place of honour a portrait of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and carried the full text of the speech made by the leader at the banquet arranged in honour of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, on April 12, according to a report from Dar es Salaam.

According to a report from Beirut, the May 29 issue of the Lebanese daily **Al Anwar** carried the full text of the answers given by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the questions raised by **L'Unita**, organ of the Italian Communist Party.

The June 1 issue of **Friheten**, organ of the Norwegian Communist Party, also carried the full text of the above-said answers according to a report from Oslo.

Carrying the full text of the answers, the paper printed an introduction headlined "The United States and the south Korean authorities obstruct Korea's peaceful reunification. The US troops must be withdrawn."

The Romanian papers **Scintela** and **Romania Libera** reported on June 5 the content of the answers given by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the questions put by the Chief Editor of **Al Sahafa**, organ of the Sudanese Government, according to a report from Bucharest.

The Iraqi papers **Al Thoura, Al Jumhuriya** and **Baghdad Observer** reported on June 4 the content of his answers under the blockletter title "Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, affirms solidarity for just struggle of Arab people", according to a report from Baghdad.

**(KCNA)**

Rice transplanting has been brought to a successful conclusion and our farmers are now busy weeding. Thanks to the paternal care of the leader to free our farmers from hard labour, this year our countryside was provided with large numbers of efficient weeding-machines designed to fit in with the terrain of our country. The faces of the farmers beam with joy of labour. They are now stepping up weeding with fine prospects of bumper crop.

# INTENSIFIED "SPEED-UP CAMPAIGN" ON TRANSPORT FRONT

## New Railway Projects

A railway construction between Pukchong and Toksong is under way with rapidity. It has much importance to the exploitation of underground resources and the growth of agricultural production in the northern inland area of our country.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

**"In order to develop the railway transport we should also build many railway lines."**

Upholding the leader's teaching the workers of the Hamhung Railway Construction Centre who are infinitely faithful to the leader have undertaken the new project for laying railway lines with a total length of tens of kilometres. They increased the speed of construction three times through the "speed-up campaign".

Busy as he is with the state affairs, the fatherly leader is always deeply concerned for the development of the railway transport. He already indicated a concrete direction for the Pukchong-Toksong railway construction. Again recently he gave earnest instructions to finish the project as soon as possible, showing his profound care for the everyday life of the builders.

Boundlessly encouraged by the leader's important teachings and his warm love, the railway builders full of ardent loyalty to the leader are now hastening their work in a blitz way and by finish-one-by-one method.

One of the difficulties they encountered was that they had to build one km-long stone wall to protect the roadbed from the rapid stream of the Namdaechon river.

However, the builders who undertook this project displayed their wisdom and creative talent, firmly resolved to carry out the leader's teachings unconditionally. Thus, they devised and introduced a new construction method.

As a result, they markedly raised quality in this undertaking and sped up the project at a thrice higher rate, with manpower reduced by half.

In the railway project site and all other construction sites, the builders overcame mystification about technique and shattered conservatism in their work and launched a bold technical renovation movement to boost work efficiency several times.

Their labour enthusiasm made it possible to begin the freight haulage in the finished sections on the occasion of the Railwaymen's Day (May 11), the significant holiday of the workers in the field of railway transport.

Now the builders are conducting an energetic drive to complete the project before October 10 this year and creating a "new Chollima speed, a new Pyongyang speed"— "the loyalty speed".

Besides, railway constructions are in progress in all parts of the country through enormous state investments so as to meet more satisfactorily the requirements for transportation, which daily grow with the vigorous advance of the huge socialist construction.

The laying of the new Palwon-Kujang railway line in the western region is being pushed ahead energetically with the plan to complete it within this year and the construction of new railway sidings is in full swing at ore and coal mines.

Meanwhile, dynamic drives are going on to electrify the railway between Pyongyang and Sariwon and replace the rails in 320 km sections with heavy ones.

In this way, new railways find their way to all parts of the country, the railway transport being further modernized.

**Han Su Chon**

## Large-size, High-speed Transport Machines Produced

Our country now produces in greater quantities various types of transport machines which will be much helpful in replacing railway traffic facilities with modern, heavy-duty, large-size and high-speed ones.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

**"Along with railway electrification we should go ahead with the technological reconstruction of the railways—replacement of the existing rails with heavy ones, the mass-production of heavy-duty freight cars, etc."**

Our railway transport workers who have risen to thoroughly implement the leader's teachings are bringing about a new, great upsurge in the production of transport means such as electric or diesel locomotives, passenger coaches and heavy-duty freight cars by conducting the "speed-up campaign".

The workers of the Kim Jong Tae Electric Locomotive Factory are manufacturing many electric or diesel locomotives.

Determined to turn out two times more diesel locomotives than last year's figure, they worked hard with a single desire to practice loyalty to the leader. They made an unprecedented innovation in processing and assembling accessories. They carried out their daily targets at 300-400 per cent.

As a result, the manufacturing hour for an electric or a diesel locomotive has been reduced by more than half. And the factory produced four times as many passenger coaches as were produced in the same period of last year.

Meanwhile, the June 4 Rolling-stock Factory is also producing heavy-duty freight cars of a new type in great numbers.

This factory has long since put out a good many freight cars of the 60-ton class and other kinds of freight cars, among them those with refrigeration and cold-storage facilities. At the beginning of the current year, it turned out the first trial product of a 60-ton freight car necessary for preventing ores from being frozen and started its mass-production.

Some time ago, the workers of the factory produced a heavy-duty freight car of the 120-ton class by conducting a dynamic technical innovation movement full of youthful vigor.

The production of this heavy-duty freight car means a great innovation in railway transportation, because it serves to increase the traffic capacity on the railway lines which show high freight traffic density and because it renders it possible to carry more goods and there is no need to extend the shunting tracks.

The workers of the freight car workshop devised and introduced advanced working methods and new assembling jigs, which enabled them to effectively erect heavy-duty freight cars of the 120-ton class.

The workers in charge of the co-operative production for the manufacturing of heavy-duty freight cars increased labour productivity more than four times by displaying high revolutionary enthusiasm and creative initiative to the full.

Thus, the factory manufactured two heavy-duty freight cars of the 120-ton class in only one week with their own efforts and techniques. This demonstrated once again the high revolutionary spirit and inexhaustible creativity of our working class who are making continuous innovation and uninterrupted advance under the wise guidance of the leader.

Now the factory is strengthening its technical equipment to mass-produce 120-ton freight cars in the future.

**Sim Chan**

Workers of the Kim Jong Tae Electric Locomotive Factory carry on a vigorous "speed-up campaign" to send more rolling stock to the transport front

## *Increased Freight for Huge Socialist Construction*

The transport workers of our country are intensifying their struggle to carry more freight to satisfy the daily growing demand for transport, upholding the programme task set forth by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Eighth Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

**"Easing the strain on transport is a very urgent question at present in accelerating the overall economic construction of the country."**

Keeping the teaching of the leader deep in mind, our transport workers are filled with a fiery determination to unconditionally carry it through to the end, full of loyalty to him.

Upholding the line of "speed-up campaign" advanced by the Party centre, all units in this field have explored reserves for transport as much as possible, thus carrying a greater volume of freight.

This year the crew of the West Pyongyang Locomotive Corps have already covered a 2.5 million km run without accident. With this pride they are dashing ahead like the wind to attain a bold goal—to fulfil the annual freight traffic plan, set 13 per cent higher than last year's results, before September 9 and the carriage assignments envisaged in the Six-Year Plan before October 10.

They introduced a new regulator for locomotive and adopted more than 120 technical innovation proposals and advanced work methods. Thus, this year they transported over 3,147,000 tons of freight in excess of the plan by the end of last May. In June they are transporting upwards of 30,000 more tons of freight than the norm on a daily average.

The crew of the Kowon Locomotive Corps, too, have strictly abided by the standard operation rules and made technical innovations with the attitude of masters toward revolution. As a result, in recent days alone they successfully carried 123,000-odd tons of more freight.

A vigorous drive for maximum transportation of freight is being also launched by the Chongju Locomotive Corps, Tanchon Locomotive Corps and all other transport workers of the country.

The result is that the locomotive corps in different parts of the country have increased the freightage per freight train to more than 300-400 tons on the average as compared with the norm.

On the other hand, the railway bureaus have found reserves for transportation in raising the utilization of rolling stock to the fullest extent and striven hard for this purpose.

In June our transport workers have raised the proportion of mechanized operations in loading and unloading drastically as against May, introduced advanced work methods and markedly reduced the turnround of freight cars, thus exploring reserves of thousands of waggons on a daily average.

Along with this, the command system has been established more firmly, high-speed shunting methods have been applied at all freight depots and high-speed operation of trains has been effected to carry larger quantities of freight.

These achievements scored on the transportation front are a brilliant fruit of the intense loyalty of our transport workers who fight on like immortals, displaying the spirit of absolutizing the great leader's teaching and the Party's policy and observing the principle of carrying them out unconditionally.

**Sim Nung Mok**

## Lake Yonpung-ho

Lake Yonpung-ho is a big artificial lake located in the western region of our country. This lake is the heart of the Pyongnam Irrigation System, Korea's first irrigation system. It extends some 14.5 square kilometres and measures about 49 kilometres round.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader and the legendary hero of the nation, who gave land to our peasants and broke ground for the Potong-gang River improvement project taking up a shovel after liberation, designated the site for a reservoir crossing steep mountains and stepped up the project so as to supply life-giving water to the Yoldusamcholli Plain. The construction site was destroyed due to the war unleashed by Yankee aggressors. But in the postwar days he, surmounting manifold trials and hardships and intelligently leading our people, wound up in a little over a year the project for the Pyongnam Irrigation System. After its completion he paid a visit to the reservoir and told the people to call it Lake Yonpung-ho, saying that the completion of the Pyongnam Irrigation System made it possible to bring bumper year to the Yoldusamcholli Plain every year.

That is how this great monumental structure in the era of the Workers' Party came into being.

The water of the Taedong-gang River that flows into this lake through the four-kilometer long tunnel flows out again through another tunnel and joins the water of the River Chongchon-gang drawn up at the Kumsong water pumping station. Then the water flows along the 2,000 kilometer long waterway, going over and skirting round more than 5,400 big and small structures and irrigating nearly 100,000 *chongbo* of soil. It enables the Yoldusamcholli Plain to have bumper crop every year.

For its scenic beauty, this lake is loved much by our people. High and low mountains around the lake are covered with groves of pine tree, larch and Korean poplar. In spring all sorts of flowers bloom and in autumn mountains turn red and yellow and the blue water of the lake mirrors beautiful flower patterns. Also visible are the magnificent and gorgeous buildings of the cosy rest home nestling at the foot of a mountain covered with groves of chestnut trees, the monument to the Pyongnam Irrigation System erected to immortalize the high favour of the fatherly leader who had the long-cherished desire of our peasants realized, artificial falls and the Sapan-gak and Yonpung-ru pavilions commanding a complete view of the Pyongnam Irrigation System. Besides, "Tolggot-gul cave affording a mysterious sight is near by the lake. So the lake is widely known as a cultural recreation ground as well. Seen on the lake are splendid excursion boats carrying holiday makers and in sight in the clean and blue water are shoals of fresh water fish—carp, crucian, grass fish, rainbow trout, cornet fish, eel, etc. The lake is a grateful and precious one bringing happiness and joy to our people.

Today our people pledge themselves to remain loyal forever to the leader who has provided them with life-giving water as a token of his eternal love for them.

**Pak Jong Gu**

## *Able Agro-specialists Trained*

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

**"Another important policy consistently followed by our Party in education and the training of cadres is the close combination of general education with technical education and of education with productive labour."**

In accordance with the Juche-motivated education policy set forth by the great leader, Chollima Wonsan Agricultural College in Kangwon Province closely combines theory with practice and education with productive labour. It has trained a large number of competent agro-specialists who will play a great role in putting agriculture on a firm scientific and technical footing in our country where comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization are being carried into effect in an allround way.

Practical work in laboratories and productive labour hold a considerable proportion in the curriculum of the college.

The junior class students of the agricultural mechanization faculty conduct experiments and take practical training. And they examine and reproduce the blueprints of machines through their extracurricular activities. In this course they become acquainted to various sorts of blueprints.

Senior class students study on a certain subject of research. This enables them to put their knowledge to practical use and deepen it. In the first period of senior grades their ability for designing reaches a high level. This is achieved through their practice included in the curriculum and through their extracurricular productive labour.

When they are in the graduation class they reach such a high level as designing new machines.

They do not confine themselves to getting used to the blueprints of machines and designing them. They themselves directly manufacture machines upon the design so as to raise their technical level.

Needless to say, all the students of the agricultural mechanization faculty are able to skilfully handle all sorts of modern farm machines as they are taught.

Thanks to the great solicitude of the fatherly leader, firm material and technical foundations of the college have been laid. Laboratories are all furnished with up-to-date facilities. The college has experimental plots of 200 *chongbo*, plus several gardens and hot houses. It has scores of different modern farm machines for practice and a well-equipped workshop which reminds one of a modern machine-building factory. This workshop is equipped with scores of machine tools and more than 10 kinds of lathes.

The students do their experiment and practice not only at the college but also on the cooperative farms. Practice helps translate into action what they learned at school.

According to the college programme, they participate in practical work several weeks every year. During this period they visit cooperative farms and acquaint themselves with the actual conditions of the countryside. Along with this, they grasp the scientific and technical problems arising in the implementation of the Party's policy on the rural technical revolution and participate in research work to settle them.

Through their experiment and practice they succeeded in designing and manufacturing a rice-seedling transplanter under the guidance of teachers. This machine is greatly conducive to effecting comprehensive mechanization of the rural economy in our country where rice cultivation holds the main occupation in agriculture and to freeing the peasants from arduous work.

The students of this faculty made a great contribution to inventing, designing and assembling highly efficient farm machines—maize sower, rotary harrow, weeder, highly efficient sprayer, rice harvester, loading and unloading machine, etc. These machines prove effective not only in Kangwon Province but also in all other parts of the country. In the course of designing and manufacturing farm machines their knowledge has been deepened.

Like all other higher educational institutions, this college has also trained a host of competent specialists who can greatly contribute to our revolution and construction, in accordance with our Party's Juche-oriented education policy.

The students of this college will go a long way toward modernizing and industrializing agriculture and perfecting the communist farming methods suited to our country in line with the "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" authored by the leader.

**Pak Gyu**

# FOR OUR ONE AND ONLY FATHERLAND

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

**"The great services rendered by our youth in the Fatherland Liberation War will be an eternal beacon in the history of our country and will be remembered for ever by our people."**

During the great Fatherland Liberation War against the armed invasion by US imperialism and its henchmen, men of the People's Army, immensely loyal to the fatherly leader, fought bravely to defend the independence and honour of the country and performed heroic feats, displaying the unrivalled patriotic devotion, mass heroism, sagacity and courage. Whenever I recall their services, unforgettable memories of Hero Li Su Bok come flooding back on me, who dedicated his young life to his fatherland.

It happened late in the autumn 1951. The war was raging in full fury. The company Li Su Bok belonged to was ordered to take back an unnamed hill before Height 1211.

Two storming parties were organized: one headed by platoon commander Kwon Hyok Chang and the other under the command of squad leader Li Su Bok. The former was to blow up an enemy pillbox to the right of the hill and the latter, to destroy another pillbox to the left.

Before they set out on the mission, an open general meeting of the Party cell was held. Soldiers vied with each other to express their resolve. Li Su Bok, the then deputy-chairman of the company committee of the Democratic Youth League, spoke on the occasion to express his determination. His speech greatly moved the combatants of the company.

He said:

"...I will recapture the hill even if I have to die while in action... We are fighters of General Kim Il Sung. Let's dash ahead bravely!"

Li Su Bok crawled on toward an enemy's pillbox under the hails of bullets. He seemed to be moving on very slowly, and this annoyed him.

At this moment a thunderous boom came from the right, and the enemy's machinegun fire died down. He then heard his platoon commander roaring: "Charge forward!" No doubt, the pillbox to the right was blown up. Now, the task of his party was to destroy the one to the left to ensure the company's all-out charge.

Li Su Bok continued to crawl up inch by inch toward the pillbox. Bullets rained all around. He finally forced his way close to it, and hurled a handgrenade. The firing from the enemy stopped for a while but resumed soon after and grew stronger. He threw another handgrenade. But the enemy's machinegun kept firing.

"If I fail to blow up the pillbox, what will happen? Our company may be held back and its charge end in failure."

Thinking thus, he stood up straight and dashed forward to the pillbox. A few steps ahead, he stopped short and fell down. A bullet hit him. He felt as if to faint.

Flashing across his mind was the beautiful scenery of his native village, followed by his school days full of joy and hope.

His family was pinched with poverty, humiliation and maltreatment before liberation, because they did not have a country. It was only after the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung restored the lost country when they could enjoy a new, happy life and he himself attend school, with great hope for a brighter future.

To him the fatherland was precious of all, indeed. That was why he volunteered for the service in the People's Army before any one else when the US imperialists triggered off the war. He fought bravely in every battle.

Rat-tat-tat from the enemy's pillbox was heard.

He braced himself up, and cast a glance at it, with hard glint in his eyes.

"I'm going to make mincemeat of you, damned aggressors! Skunks! Yankee devils! Trying to occupy our fatherland and trample on my native village? No, never you can!"

He erected himself up with difficulty, flung himself toward the pillbox like an angry tiger and blocked the muzzle with his breast.

"Forward! Charge forward! Come on, Comrades!" he exclaimed.

The rapping of the enemy's gun stopped. Presently, the loud shouts of *manse* (hurrah) reverberated over the hill.

This was how Li Su Bok laid down his life, at the age of 18, for the defence of his beloved fatherland, though he was in verdant youth.

Hero Li Su Bok is gone never to return. But deeply enshrined in our hearts are the words written in his notebook before a charge.

"I'm a youth of liberated Korea. Life is precious to me. So is my hope for a brilliant future. However, my life, my hope and my happiness are not so valuable as the fate of my fatherland. Nothing is more glorious and beautiful, more blissful than to dedicate my only life to our one and only fatherland."

**Yun Gi**

# The US Imperialists Are the Provoker of the Aggressive War in Korea

**Wilfred Burchett, Australian Writer and Journalist, Gives Lecture in Stockholm**

Wilfred Burchett gave a lecture on the subject "The Struggle for Korea's National Rights" at the lecture meeting "Korea for Koreans" held in Stockholm on March 25 under the auspices of Utrikespolitiska Foreningen of Sweden.

In his lecture Wilfred Burchett cited concrete historical facts to expose that the US imperialists are the provoker of the aggressive war in Korea. He said:

According to my own, still incomplete investigations, the war started in fact in August-September 1949, and not in June 1950. Repeated attacks were made along key sections of the 38th parallel throughout the summer of 1949, by Rhee's forces, aiming at securing jump-off positions for a full-scale invasion of the north. Important heights were seized in the western and central sectors during that period and deep penetrations into north Korean territory were made in the eastern sector. Some key positions in the Haeju area in the west were held for several months. On June 5, three weeks before the official start of the war, the head of the US Military Mission Brigadier-General W. L. Roberts, gave an interview to Marguerite Higgins of the **New York Herald Tribune**, in which he revealed, among other things, that "I've got at least 13 to 14 Americans with every division. They work with the Korean officers... They live right with them there in the field and at the front and stay with them in battle and rest periods...." This was the first admission that there was a "front" and battles in which US officers had taken part. What happened later was simply that the north Korean forces decided that things had gone far enough and that the next assault by Rhee forces would be repulsed; that—having exhausted all possibilities of a peaceful solution—those forces would be chased back and the south liberated. June 25th, 1950 was the day, on which that next major assault took place. North Korean militia forces along the frontier having repulsed the attack in most places—except in the Haeju sector in the west, the regular army of the DPRK, rapidly built up since the establishment of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, then went into action with the results that are now part of history.

What is not as well known, are the last minute efforts by Comrade Kim Il Sung to avoid such an armed conflict. As the storm clouds gathered and Syngman Rhee openly boasted that he would "occupy Pyongyang within 3 days" and up to the borders of Manchuria (in an interview with the Vice-President of United Press), renewed efforts were made to avoid a fratricidal war. In early June, Pyongyang offered cooperation with all politicians in the south, except Syngman Rhee and 7 other notorious collaborators with the Japanese and the US. A personal invitation was issued to 300 members of the south Korean parliament and other prominent leaders to take part in another unification conference. By then the frontier along the 38th parallel had been closed. Pyongyang radio announced the invitations would be delivered by two delegates and a journalist at a point on the 38th parallel at a specified date and hour. They were met by a hail of machinegun fire, one of the delegates being wounded. They were instructed however to press on and deliver the invitations in Seoul. Nothing is known of their final fate, except that they were arrested and tortured.

On June 19, the Supreme People's Assembly in Pyongyang proposed to the national assembly in Seoul that the two bodies join together and achieve peaceful reunification of the country. The reply was the assault from the south at dawn on June 25, 1950 and the powerful counter-offensive launched by the north a few hours later. Just about a year later, I was based for two and a half years in Kaesong, a few kilometres south of the 38th parallel, where some of the heaviest fighting on a vital sector of the front started. I had ample time to question local residents as to who fired the first shots. They had no doubts. South Korean troops, in large numbers had moved into Kaesong during the first half of June, and to positions immediately north of the city on the evening of June 24. Early risers saw them moving up the mountain behind the city just before dawn, accompanied by artillery barrages. Two or three hours later they were running back, throwing away arms and tearing off uniforms. While the Seoul press and radio was announcing a glorious advance of the south Korean puppet army on Pyongyang, Syngman Rhee and his American wife, taking with them most of the country's gold reserves, fled by plane to Tokyo, on the afternoon of June 26. Rhee had boasted that he would occupy Pyongyang within 3 days. In fact it was Seoul which was liberated in 3 days. Within 6 weeks, the Korean People's Army had liberated 90 per cent of the territory and 92 per cent of the population of south Korea. Hundreds of thousands of young people joined the KPA as it swept south. Hundreds of thousands more formed guerilla units to harass the enemy rear. The US 24th Division rushed across from Japan to stem the advance was cut to pieces, its commander, General Dean, among the captured.

The rest is history. US massive intervention under the "UN" flag, MacArthur's ill-fated attempt to carry the war to China and achieve his ambition of restoring Chiang Kai-shek to power. His sacking by Truman, not for having attempted it but for having failed. Despite the most merciless use of air power that the world had seen until that time, the United States failed in its aim of bringing the Korean people to their knees. They bombed Korea north of the 38th parallel until virtually not a single building was left standing. In the capital, Pyongyang, then a city of 400,000 people, only two small buildings were left intact. When buildings were destroyed, the US air force operating in the name of the "UN" turned its attention to dams and irrigation projects. These attacks, without precedent in warfare, were aimed at the direct death by drowning of thousands of Korean civilians and indirectly at the death of millions by mass starvation and famine. They were aimed at destroying the whole irrigation system on which depended north Korean rice crops—the staple food of Koreans. It was the first time these dams had been attacked since the war started.

The excuse given by the air force was that they were intended to start floods to wash away any bridges and roads they had been unable to put out of action by normal bombing methods. In one raid alone, in which a total of 36 B-26 bombers were used in four waves against the Sunan Dam, more than 450 peasants were drowned. 70 villages were flooded and 5,000 people made homeless. The planes returned day after day to bomb and strafe the peasants and workers up to their waists in mud and water desperately trying to block the breaches. Later, the raids were extended to include bombing and strafing attacks on refuge camps and against any villages in well-known rice-growing centres, no matter how far removed from industrial or transportation facilities. The raids started on May 14, 1953, and continued until the end of the month at a time when the dams and reservoirs were at their maximum capacity after the spring thaws.

Burchett pointed out that the US imperialists carried out the aggressive war in Korea employing the most barbarous methods, without precedent in warfare, they, however, failed to bring the Korean people to their knees and eventually they were compelled to sign the truce agreement in the very place where they started the war.

**US imperialist aggressors and their south Korean stooges checking up the plan of operations for an attack on the northern half of the Republic (November 1949).**

## EVIDENCES OF CRIMES

The US imperialists launched an aggressive war against the Korean people on June 25, 1950.

From the first day the US imperialists occupied south Korea following the Second World War they had been hell-bent on unleashing a war in Korea and their plot rose to a crescendo in 1950.

Man-killer MacArthur called Syngman Rhee to Tokyo on February 16, 1950 and gave an 11-point war instruction on attacking north Korea before July. (a UP dispatch, February 16, 1950.)

Upon this instruction, the Syngman Rhee puppet clique completed by the end of February combat preparations of their army under the command of Roberts, head of the American Military Advisory Group. (**History of Modern America**, the United States.) The then chief of the ECA in south Korea testified before the US House Appropriations Committee on May 9, 1950 that 100,000 men and officers of the south Korean army armed with US weapons and trained by Americans have wound up preparations for entering a war at any moment. (Proceedings of the US House of Representatives, on May 9, 1950.)

Warmonger Dulles flew to south Korea and visited the area along the 38th parallel to make the final examination of the operation plan for "northward expedition" on June 18. There can be no doubt that his visit was to give the signal for the attack to be launched. After Dulles returned to Seoul from the 38th parallel, he said to Syngman Rhee: "Start the invasion against the north accompanied by counter-propaganda to the effect that the north has invaded first the south. If you can but hold out for two weeks, everything will go smoothly, for during this period the USA, by accusing north Korea of attacking south Korea, will compel the United Nations to take action. And in the name of the United Nations, land, naval and air forces will be mobilized." (Japanese journal **Kaizo**, August 1953.)

John Hickerson, the then US Assistant Secretary of State for the UN Affairs, remarked that, in fact, the State Department had already decided to take the question of "North Korea's aggression" to the United Nations... And he said: "We had drawn up the draft resolution." (I. F. Stone: **Hidden History of the Korean War.**)

American reptile magazine **Life** (July 15, 1950), concerning the plan to ignite a diabolical war and preparations for it, wrote that never before in our history have we been so nearly prepared at the start of this war.

In his book the **Riddle of MacArthur**, published in 1951, New York, US journalist John Gunther wrote that a member of MacArthur's staff whispered on June 25, 1950: "a big story has just broken. The south Koreans have attacked north Korea."

No matter what methods they may resort to, the US imperialists cannot efface these records of crimes.

# Demonstration of African People's Firm Unity and Solidarity

The 11th Conference of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity was held with success in Mogadiscio, the capital of Somalia, from June 12 to 16 with the attendance of delegates from 42 member states.

The summit conference which was convened at a time when the people's struggle against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for liberation and independent development was in a higher stage of advance discussed the question of completely decolonizing the African continent, the question of strengthening the unity, solidarity and cooperation among African countries and the question of liberating the countries still under imperialist colonial yoke and other problems. At the conference speeches were made by heads of state from various countries and a series of documents were adopted.

The speeches and documents laid stress on the need to make Portugal recognize the rights of Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique and Angola to independence and the need to prohibit more strictly the oil export to racist cliques of southern Africa and laid down the four principles on the fair solution of the Middle East question.

The recent OAU summit conference is an event of great significance in the struggle for complete liberation, unity and solidarity of Africa under the banner of anti-imperialism and anti-colonialism and in strengthening and developing the OAU.

The Korean people warmly hail the success of the 11th Conference of Heads of State and Government of the OAU.

In the past ten-odd years since it was founded reflecting the trend of the times and the common desire and aspiration of the people, the OAU has made a great contribution to promoting the revolutionary cause of the African people and strengthening the unity and cooperation among the countries and peoples in this area.

In accordance with the joint resolution of the OAU, the anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist struggle has been intensified in this continent. As a result, great changes have taken place.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

**"Africa, once called a colonial continent, is now turning into a new continent bright with the light of freedom and liberation and, together with Asia and Latin America, has become a powerful existence of the third world."**

Hundreds of millions of African people had long groaned under the imperialist and colonialist tyranny. Holding their destinies in their hands, they are now vigorously marching forward along the path of independence and self-support in order to consolidate the already-won national independence and develop the national economy. The people still under the rule of the imperialists, colonialists and racists are waging a valiant armed struggle for freedom and liberation.

Due to the powerful struggle of the African people, the last life line of the imperialists and colonialists is being cut off in this area.

Today, the African countries are playing a big role in the international arena. Many of them have entered the international arena and are exercising their legitimate sovereignty and the just voices they raise in international meetings and international organizations are making a great contribution to the fair settlement of international problems. Clear examples of this are the resolute anti-imperialist measures taken by the African countries at the time of the Fourth Middle East War last year and their positive activities at the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States held in Algeria and the recent Special Session of the UN General Assembly on the problem of raw materials and their exploitation.

Great revolutionary changes which have been brought about in the African continent reflect vividly the trend of the present times when imperialism is going to ruin and the third world people are taking their place on the stage of history as masters.

The Korean people highly value the path of struggle and victory traversed by the African people and sincerely rejoice over their brilliant achievements.

The imperialists and colonialists had squeezed out the life's blood of the African people and robbed them of their natural resources and fattened themselves. They are now desperately trying to maintain their colonial rule and regain their lost position in Africa. In this area they resort to direct armed repression, subversion and sabotage and craftily manoeuvre to catch the people in a noose of neo-colonialism.

It is too natural that the recent summit conference discussed the question of further intensifying the joint struggle of the people of the African continent against imperialist aggression and intervention and for complete liberation of Africa and of further strengthening their unity, solidarity and cooperation.

The Korean people who vigorously advance together with the African people in the ranks of struggle of the third world people will continue to express full support to and solidarity with the African people, regarding their struggle as their own.

More brilliant victories are in store for the African people who are waging a sacred struggle to wipe out imperialism and colonialism with their united strength and to build a new independent and sovereign, prosperous continent.

**Chin Sok**

## Meeting of Solidarity with Arab People Held at DPRK House of Culture in Cairo

A meeting of solidarity with the Arab people was held recently at the DPRK House of Culture in Egypt on the "day of solidarity with Arab people".

Put with due respect on the platform were a portrait of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a portrait of President of Egypt Anwar El Sadat.

They were flanked by the national flags of our country and Egypt.

Attending the meeting were functionaries of Egyptian central organs.

The Patriotic Song of our country and national anthem of Egypt were played at the meeting, which was addressed by the Director of the DPRK House of Culture.

In his speech, the director expressed support for the just struggle of the Arab people against the Israeli aggressors and for the restoration of the occupied land and solidarity with the Palestinian people in their struggle for the restoration of the legal rights.

After the meeting, the attendants saw DPRK and Egyptian documentaries.

**(KCNA)**

# Democratic Yemen Greets 5th Anniv. of New Administration

June 22 marks the fifth anniversary of the inauguration of the new administration in the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen.

On this occasion, our people send warm congratulations and greetings to the people of Democratic Yemen.

The people of Democratic Yemen, under the correct leadership of Chairman of the Presidential Council Salem Rubaya Ali and the National Front, are now waging a vigorous struggle to consolidate national independence, reinforce the country's economic foundation and strengthen defence capabilities, holding aloft the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialism, independence and self-reliance.

Since the historic establishment of the new administration in 1969, radical changes have taken place in Democratic Yemen.

The government of Democratic Yemen staffed the state and economic organs and other bodies with revolutionary fighters, workers and poor peasants and consolidated the country's political foundation. At the same time, it nationalized factories, enterprises, trading corporations and banks owned by foreign monopolies and vigorously pushed forward the agrarian reform, thus opening up a broad vista for the development of the national economy.

Thanks to the creative labour of the Yemeni people, many new factories and enterprises made their appearance in different parts of the country. Moreover, diversification and collectivization of agriculture are making brisk headway and the yield of farm produce increases every year.

The government and people of Democratic Yemen founded the "People's Defence Forces" and the "People's Police" to provide against the manoeuvrings of the enemies and are firmly defending their revolutionary gains.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice over all the successes made by the Yemeni people in building a new society and warmly hail them.

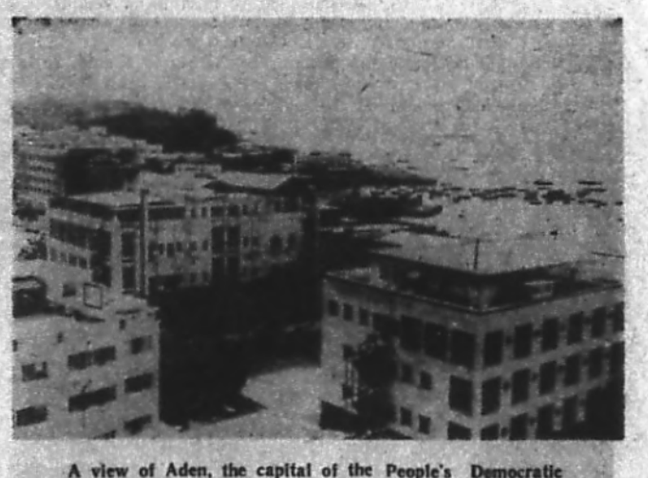
Externally, the government of Democratic Yemen opposes imperialism and colonialism and gives active support to the cause of the Palestinian and other Arab peoples and the anti-imperialist, national liberation struggle of the peoples of all countries. In particular, the Yemeni government and people always strongly support the Korean people's struggle to expel the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and to reunify the fatherland independently. This gives a great inspiration to our people. We Korean people are very proud to have the people of Democratic Yemen as our close friend.

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

**"Imperialism and reactionaries of all shades will eventually be destroyed, and the peoples who have risen in the anti-imperialist struggle for the just cause of revolution will surely emerge victorious."** (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Eng. ed., Vol. IV, p. 609.)

Now the US-British imperialists and their lackeys are persisting in their malicious plot to curb the anti-imperialist, independent advance of the people of Democratic Yemen and to nip their revolution in the bud. But they can never call a halt to this victorious advance of the Yemeni people.

The Korean people are convinced that the valorous people of Democratic Yemen will achieve more brilliant victory in the struggle to totally smash all the aggression, subversion and sabotage of the enemies and to successfully carry out the national democratic revolution.



**A view of Aden, the capital of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen**

# Ever-intensified New War Provocation Manoeuvres of US Imperialism and Its Stooges in South Korea

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

**"The aggressive manoeuvrings of the US imperialists are being intensified and their plots to provoke another war are becoming more undisguised."**

The US imperialist aggressors and Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's criminal plots to ignite another war in Korea have become more undisguised than ever.

Beginning with this year, commanders of the US air force and army in the Pacific areas flew into south Korea and had war confab with the south Korean bellicose elements. They fanned war hysteria reeking of gunpowder during their inspection of the frontlines and military establishments.

Around that time, commander of the US naval force in south Korea, hand in glove with chief of staff of the puppet navy, sponsored a "meeting on board a ship, attended by the latter's commanding officers," where the puppet naval officers were urged to step up war preparations.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi and military ruffians, wirepulled by the US imperialists, never missed an opportunity to loose a string of invectives against communism. For instance, in the "new year's message," at the "inauguration for 1974," "meeting of air force commanders," "meeting of main naval units commanders" and at the "meeting of those concerned with maintenance of public peace and reserve forces," they rattled off the "need to be perfectly ready for immediate action" or the "need to establish war posture right away".

On the other hand, the US imperialists are bent on reinforcing their armed forces in occupation of south Korea and on increasing their combat power.

They already brought in south Korea tactical nuclear weapons, guided missiles and other types of mass destruction weapons. They also transferred their tactical air force from Japan to south Korea. Recently, they are shifting a squadron of "F-4 Phantom" fighter-bombers from Thailand to south Korea.

What arouses particular concern of the US imperialists in increasing military potentials of south Korea is to augment the puppet army's numerical strength and modernize its equipment.

They increased the ground force of the puppet army, organized atomic and missile units and reinforced the naval and air forces by a wide margin.

The US imperialists handed over the latest type of fighter-bombers, high-speed gunboats, destroyers and many rockets to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique so as to back them up in "modernizing" the puppet army.

From 1971 to September 1973 they spent 800 million dollars for this purpose. It is reported that they are to markedly increase their military "aid" to the south Korean puppets for the fiscal year of 1975 and thus give them a larger supply of lethal weapons.

Meanwhile, their military provocations against the northern half of the Republic became more frequent; they staged large-scale offensive operation exercises and various other sizes of "joint war exercises", regarding the northern half of the Republic as an imaginary enemy.

How far the US imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi military fascist gang have gone in their dangerous fireplay to ignite another war in Korea can be seen from the fact that they violated the Armistice Agreement on over 33,000 occasions during the period from July 4, 1972—the day when the North-South Joint Statement was announced—to May this year.

For the first three months this year alone, they illegally brought heavy and automatic guns into the headquarters area of the Military Armistice Commission and the Demilitarized Zone on more than 1,080 occasions and fired at our side incessantly.

During the same period, they sent military planes on 35 occasions to intrude into the territorial air of our side and over the sky of the Military Demarcation Line and commit espionage and hostile acts.

On February 15 this year, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique infiltrated the spy ships "Suwon-32" and "Suwon-33" into the coastal waters of our side on the West Sea under the escort of their naval vessels. This sort of intrusion took place on 200-odd occasions, involving over 300 naval vessels and spy ships of various types, during the period from the beginning of this year to February 20.

The hard facts prove that real danger of war in Korea lurks not in what they call "threat of southward invasion" but in the reckless new war provocation manoeuvres on the part of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique.

They have been intent on ever more undisguised manoeuvres to provoke another war under screen of "peaceful unification" and the north-south dialogue. This is the very outcome of notorious "Nixon doctrine".

Openly describing south Korea as a "test ground of Nixon doctrine," the US imperialists are hatching a nefarious plot to "make Koreans fight Koreans" by instigating the bellicose elements in south Korea and thus realize their wild ambition for aggression easily.

Such provocative manoeuvrings of the US imperialist aggressors and Pak Jung Hi puppet clique result in keying up the situation in Korea to the highest pitch and gravely menacing peace not only in Korea but in Asia and other parts of the world.

In order to remove tension and maintain peace in Korea and expedite its peaceful reunification, the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must stop their war provocation manoeuvres at once, and the former must quit south Korea immediately, taking along all their aggressive armed forces.

If the US imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique aggravate the situation further still and follow the road to war in defiance of our repeated warnings, they will never be able to ward off a thousand times harder blow dealt by our people for retaliation.

**Pak Hae Chon**

# Sophistry of a Man Deadlocking Dialogue

Chang Gi Yong, Vice-Chairman of the south Korean side to the North-South Co-ordination Commission, in an interview with a Japanese correspondent in Seoul on June 13 blurted that the purpose of the north-south dialogue was to maintain "peaceful co-existence" between the north and the south.

Through this the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique made it plain that they are having dialogue with us not for the purpose of achieving the reunification of the country but for freezing the present state of division under the name of the dialogue and making the Demarcation Line lying between the north and the south a "boundary".

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

**"What is the use of holding the north-south dialogue, if our nation is to live divided? The north-south dialogue must be conducted for the purpose of achieving the reunification."**

The purpose of the dialogue is to reunify the divided country, not to pursue "peaceful co-existence" while leaving the country divided as it is into the north and the south.

He knows better than anyone else what is laid down in the points of agreement of the North-South Joint Statement. Certainly, it was not because he was ignorant of the purpose of the dialogue that he let out such a nonsensical talk.

They are making absurd pitfalls about "prevention of another war" and "co-existence" to cover up their splittist manoeuvres. If they are so much interested in peace, why are they turning down our proposal to take practical steps for terminating the military confrontation between the north and the south to remove the tension in Korea, while begging for the US imperialist aggressor forces' permanent occupation of south Korea so earnestly and why are they getting so feverish in augmentation of military strength and in war rackets?

The clamour about "prevention of another war" is a whopping lie intended to mislead the public opinion. It is nothing but a ruse to veil their bellicose and splittist nature.

Chang Gi Yong bluntly stated that "dialogue cannot bear any fruit" unless there are some "happenings" in the north and to build "foundations for reunification" it was necessary to consolidate the "economic system of liberal democracy" in south Korea. This is a brigandish logic and most virulent challenge to us and a wanton violation of the points of agreement of the Joint Statement calling on the north and the south to achieve national unity transcending the difference of ideology, ideal and system.

Cry for laying "foundations of reunification" on the basis of the "economic system of liberal democracy" is the repetition of the south Korean puppets' much-vaunted argument of "building up of strength" —"strength should be built up for showdown with the north."

The foundations of reunification can be laid only when the north and the south have wide-range economic cooperation. The cry for "laying the reunification foundation" under "economic system of liberal democracy" is intended to render the south Korean economy more dependent on the outside forces and create more obstacles to reunification.

What he uttered before the Japanese correspondent is nothing but a despicable treacherous jargon disclosing the black-hearted intention of the Pak Jung Hi clique to realise their wild ambition for long-term office by fixing the division of the country into the north and the south and creating "two Koreas".

Those going against the aspirations of the nation are bound to suffer only disgrace and destruction.

**Ryu Ge Hwan**

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